

Notice of Sales.

The following Sales have been advertised during the week, from this office, by Hand-bill:—
 Farm for Sale.—Dr. Ford—sale to take place at Hewitt's Hotel, on Tuesday the 4th of Nov. next.—Ashton & Macchell, Auctioneers.
 Farm Stock, &c.—Executors to the late Peter McFee—sale on Lot No. 1, in the 7th Con. of King—on take place on the 4th of Nov. Hy. Snelser Auctioneer.
 Farm Stock &c.—Mr. Yates—near Saiton, Georgian—Sale on the 30th inst., John Maguire, Auctioneer.

New Advertisements.

Auction.—Ashton & Macchell. Public Meeting.—Road Company. Millinery.—Miss Maguire. Fresh Importations.—M. W. Bogart. Buffalo Skins.—M. W. Bogart. Phonology.—Prof. Lee. Boots & Shoes.—J. B. Carruth. Farm for Sale.—T. G. Hurd. Early Closing. Store to be Let.—N. Hawks.

The New Era.

Newmarket, Friday, Oct. 24th, 1856.

General Summary.

We have been requested to announce that Elder Burnham will preach in the Christian Church this (Friday) evening, at 7 o'clock. Also on Sabbath next at half past 10 a. m., and 5 p. m.

A public meeting of the Stockholders and others interested in the construction of a Gravel Road along the Town Line West from Newmarket takes place in the Court House, on Saturday, the 1st proximo. See Advertisement.

East Gwillimbury Council meets at Sharon, on Saturday next, (to-morrow,) the 25th inst. We shall endeavor to be present, and furnish our readers with a report of their proceedings next week.

Among the list of successful competitors at the Provincial Exhibition, we are pleased to notice the firm of Messrs. J. Walton & Co., of Holland Landing, for a Threshing Machine. Home manufacture forever.

We understand a public meeting takes place at Bell's Tavern, 5th Con. of King, on Saturday next, (to-morrow,) to take into consideration the expenditure of the amount the Township receives as its proportion from the Clergy Reserve fund,—being £1,477 4s 3d. The meeting takes place at 2 o'clock p. m.

The Bradford Chronicle comes to hand this week enlarged and improved, and we are pleased to see it, because it gives evidence of increased prosperity. We hope the intelligent and business community of South Simcoe will rightly appreciate the efforts of its proprietor, by increasing his subscription list with the names of advance paying subscribers.

Among the Agricultural Implements exhibited both at the Newmarket and East Gwillimbury Shows this fall, was a Wooden Plough, manufactured by Mr. James Sisker, of Whitchurch, well deserving public notice. It took prizes at both exhibitions. We now learn that it has been purchased by Mr. Conailler Willson, who is determined to see if the amount of labor bestowed will add to its usefulness.

Prof. J. M. Lee, practical Phonologist, has been delivering Lectures in this place, on the desirably popular Science of Phonology, during the week, to large and attentive audiences. His public examinations appear to have given pretty general satisfaction. He visits Sharon to-morrow evening, where he will remain a few days.—See Adv.

To CORRESPONDENTS.—Our friend ADOLPHUS must endeavor to exercise a little more patience; and when he sees that our poetical corner is filled this week by a Lady, we presume he will doff his hat and submit with pleasure.

J. G., Esq., Uxbridge.—Thank you all right. "An Enquirer" is rather premature; at any rate, we question whether pursuing the course recommended, would either serve the purpose intended, or tend to increase confidence.

By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that our merchants and business men have determined to close their respective establishments at a stated hour; and now that long winter evenings are fast advancing upon us, what say the inhabitants of Newmarket to a Literary Debating Society, or some other institution calculated to elevate the people, and while affording amusement tend to inform the mind—give a higher tone to society, and strengthen those kindly feelings, so much necessary to bind together the social fabric of our community. Season after season we have advocated a movement of this kind, and we now hope to see it accomplished. With a population of from 1,000 to 1,200, we consider it a standing disgrace to the place that we cannot boast of some institution of this kind,—and trust that this year it will be wiped off. Who'll take the lead.

The Great Question.

Canada has for years been the battle ground on which a serious conflict has taken place between the friends of civil and religious equality on the one hand, and the upholders of church and state connection on the other. For many years, we had a dominant church in this colony backed and supported by a Family Compact—the minions of aristocratic dictators at home; but notwithstanding all their combined influences—and all the artificial machinations it was possible to conceive,—they failed in allaying the discord that everywhere manifested itself, until finally the people broke out in open insurrection in defence of the great principles of "civil and religious equality." That revolt, although attended with many evils, and the loss of many kind friends, was the means of giving to Canada our present constitution—free institutions—freedom of speech and the freedom of the Press. Up to the unfortunate

times of 1837, law, justice and order were administered in accordance with the well-known wishes of the friends of Compaction; and to be opposed to such a state of things was to draw before us in battle array the minions of a party who were determined to overthrow every movement calculated to interfere with their grasping desires, or place all parties on an equal footing. The insurrectionary movements before referred to, however, put an end to Compaction, and changed the current of political antagonism; and from that time forward the great Reform Party sought to affect another important change in the government of the Colony, by destroying all connection between "Church and State"—or in other words, secularize the Reserves. This question agitated the country for many years, and was the rock on which numbers of the people's Representatives became shipwrecked. However, after a lengthened struggle, our Parliament declared by statute that it was necessary to "destroy all connection between Church and State," and the Reserve question became settled—although not in accordance with the views of many, perhaps we would be safe in saying a majority, of those advocating their secularization. But no sooner is this "bone of contention" removed, than it becomes necessary for the lovers of free institutions—for the friends of liberty of speech and freedom of conscience to use every exertion in order to contract the movements of a party that would destroy our noble school system, and sow broadcast sectarian feuds in almost every locality throughout the country.

Ever and anon some new party name has been applied in order to direct public attention from the real questions at issue; and among that portion of community who neither read or scarcely think for themselves, their party cry has served the base purpose for which it was intended. The independent or progressive party—that section of the community thoroughly opposed to church and state connection, and the direct enemies of sectarian education—whose Representatives in Parliament lifted up their voices against all legislative grants for sectarian teachings, were, at first, styled *Clear Grits*,—but the name failed to accomplish the object for which it was applied. The more *Clear Grit* principles became known, the stronger grew the party,—until now we find those who were most loud in their denunciations, acknowledging the justness of their demands. But in order to ease their fall, and at the same time cause a split among the *Clear Grit* supporters, they are now styled by notoriety-hunting, speculating, hypocritical, little-souled politicians "pharisaical brawlers," "Covenanters," &c., in order to manufacture an opposition on religious grounds, if possible. Every attempt, however, up to the present time has proven abortive, while the independent Reform Party principles have become so universally adopted, that nearly every candidate for the people's suffrages, acknowledges himself in favor of Representation according to Population opposed to *Sectarian Education*—and generally winds up by promising to use every exertion to prevent the Government of the day from squandering large sums of money in legislative sectarian grants. This state of things has been the result of close adhesion to the principles professed; and we are satisfied that by unity of action and oneness of sentiment, our Common School system will soon be cleansed from its sectarian elements and religious bigotry.

If any one thing more than another seems calculated to destroy the usefulness of our Common Schools, it is the introduction of Sectarian principles, thereby instilling into the young of our country the principles of religious bigotry and intolerance—sowing broadcast the seeds of sectarian discord and division. To put an end to this state of things, is the *Great Question* of the day; and all true lovers of free institutions—all friends to civil and religious equality—all who desire the prosperity of our country, should unite heartily on this Question, and not leave a stone unturned until the sectarian element now enshrined in our common school system is swept from the statute book of our fair Province.

Since the formation of the present combination of parties now constituting the Administration, their organs have been loud in denouncing the Opposition; but of late, no doubt in consequence of their signal defeats both in Burlington and Queen's, their antipathy appears to know no bounds. At first the principles advocated by the Opposition were received with the greatest caution; but gradually the justness of one after the other of their political planks were admitted, until every one are now held to be essential to the political creed of every candidate for the people's suffrages in order to stand the slightest chance of being returned for any Upper Canadian constituency. To oppose Representation according to Population and supporting the extension of the sectarian element in our Common Schools, would be the signal for an united effort by Protestants, of all classes, to defeat any man seeking the votes of the people.—And this is one reason why Orangemen and the *Clear Grits*—as the Government organs term them—have, of late, become so united at the hustings. They are determined to elect men who will see that justice is done to Upper Canada. We have too long submitted to the rule and dictation of such men as Col. Tache—too long submitted to influences from the Lower section of the Province; and it becomes the people of Western Canada to arise and assert their rights. It is by Lower Canadian votes that sectarianism was ever allowed to be introduced in our Common School system; and now to remove the evil becomes

one of the great questions of the day.—Let not the people be led astray by party names or party cry; but be governed by a sense of duty—by principle,—uniting heartily upon every movement seemingly calculated to eradicate the growing evil. Then, will the friends of equality—the friends of free institutions, and lovers of British connexion have cause for rejoicing, and the country increase in wealth, intelligence and contentedness,—then will the days of corruption and misrule be ended and the country governed accordingly to "well understood wishes of the people." May that day speedily arrive.

Ploughing Match.

EAST GWILLIMBURY TOWNSHIP.

The ploughing match in connection with the above Society was held on the farm of Mr. Judah Doan, near Sharon, on Tuesday last, the 21st inst. The day was fine and the attendance of spectators large: the number entered for competition, however, were few,—owing to the fact that an impression had gone abroad that members, as well as non-members would have an extra admittance fee to pay. The ploughing was considered excellent, and of such equal merit, that it was with difficulty the judges were enabled to award the premiums.

After the ploughing was concluded the members and friends of the Society sat down to a first-rate dinner, served by Mr. Wm. Barber,—to which ample justice was done. On the removal of the cloth, the Secretary, Mr. John Terry, read the list of the names of those to whom premiums had been awarded:

Men's Class.
 1st prize, Mr. Wilcocks' hired man.
 2nd do. Mr. Parham's do. do.
 3rd do. Mr. John Breckon.

Young Men's Class.
 1st prize Hugh McLeod.
 2nd prize, Jesse Boas.

Boys' Class.
 1st prize Amos Hughes; no other entry.

The President, Mr. Wilcocks, then being loudly called for, rose and said he had been called upon to say something; and it was owing to a remark or two in last week's issue of the *New Era*, that led them to make an effort to have a few speeches delivered to-day. He thought the Society had reason for congratulation, considering the success that had attended their first exhibition. The Seed Wheat Fair at the Landing was good; and he thought it followed up would be attended with beneficial results. He was sorry to see so little competition in the various classes to-day; but he was satisfied that another year would witness considerable improvement in this respect. The speaker concluded amid applause.

The judges were next called for. Mr. Haines said he was not a public speaker, and therefore had little to say. In awarding the premiums this day, they had given to the ones they considered had done the work best. He was sorry to see so little competition which was owing to the false impression that had gone abroad in reference to the entrance fee. The young lad that ploughed, although there were no other entries in the class had done his work well; (hear, hear,) and he was not sure that if he had been competing in the young men's class he would have taken the prize there also. (Cheers.) He was satisfied that another year would witness considerable improvement in this respect, for being a new thing, many were afraid to enter. Taken as a whole the work executed to-day was, in his judgment, very well done. (Cheers.)

Mr. Degear said he came to the Ploughing match merely to witness the kind of work done and altogether unexpectedly of being a judge. Considering the state of the ground, the competitors had done exceedingly well; in fact it was with difficulty they could decide between the two competitors in the 2nd class. One had set a little better ridge than the other, but had not finished as well—and in subjecting the furrows to the criticism of the tape-line, they were found to be nearly equal. The decision therefore turned upon the most solid and firm. The young lad referred to by the previous speaker had done remarkably well. (Cheers.)

Mr. John Terry being called upon said he could not be expected to make a speech; but as he was a young ploughman himself, there was one question he would like to have discussed to-day, and that was in reference to Fall Ploughing. Some said plough deep, while others as strongly contended for ploughing shallow. If there were persons present who had practiced both systems he, for one, would like to have their opinions. There was one thing he would just refer to. Some one had circulated a report that whether members or not, all competitors would have \$2 to pay on entering. This was a mistake, and whether circulated intentionally to deceive or not he was not prepared to say. He considered the society had done well for the first year; but he was aware there was room for considerable improvement. He thought, too, the society would have given more satisfaction had millers or Wheat merchants been chosen as judges at the Seed Fair, as he considered them more capable than a farmer to give an opinion.

Mr. Parham said that he claimed the privilege of reply to Mr. Terry, inasmuch as he was a judge on that occasion. He hardly knew how to take it, whether he was casting a slur upon the judges on that occasion or not. He (Mr. P.) believed that a farmer was more capable of judging seed wheat than a miller. He was aware that on the occasion referred to, there were samples of grain exhibited of larger grain than the samples to which they awarded premiums; but as it was intended for seed wheat, they had also to select the cleanest—on this point the decision turned.

Mr. Terry said he wished Mr. Parham to understand that he had not the slightest intention of wounding his feelings, neither did he speak of it in consequence of any decision made; but thought by obtaining strangers more satisfaction would be given, as it would destroy all grounds for prejudice.

Mr. E. Jackson was next called for, who made a few observations on the benefits to be derived from Agricultural Associations of this kind,—called attention to the fact, that if practical results were to be attained, it must be through the interchange of opinions on occasions like the present.

After a few remarks from Job Hughes, Esq. Mr. Parham, Mr. McMullen, and one or two others, the assembly separated,—but not till a vote of thanks had been carried to the President and Directors, for the manner in which they had managed the affairs of the society during the year. Altogether the occasion was indeed a pleasant one.

Correspondence.

We wish to be distinctly understood that we are not responsible for the opinions of our correspondents.

Voting on the Cars.

To the Editor of the *New Era*.
 Dear Sir,—It may be amusing to some of your subscribers to know how our American neighbors are doing it up in their great contest, which comes off on the 5th of November next. On my recent route to New York and Boston, a gentleman entered the cars at Schenectady, N. Y., and commenced taking the votes for President; and the following is the result:

Fremont	87
Fillmore	41
Buchanan	32

This vote was taken on the 10th of October last. During the trip the vote was taken between various way-stations, and with almost similar results. The election this year will be the most important held for many a Presidential contest, and the supporters of the various candidates in the field are most enthusiastic.

Yours truly
 CHAS. DOAN.
 Aurora, Oct. 21, 1856.

Foreign and Colonial.

[For the Weekly Message.]
 The Mackenzie Homestead.
 TO THE LIBERALS OF THE PROVINCE.

The recent article which appeared in the *Message*, edited by Mr. Mackenzie, on the "Homestead" movement, appears to demand a notice from the central committee, to which I have acted as secretary and treasurer, and with their consent this article is published.

There is no intelligent friend of political integrity and moral justice but will sympathize with Mr. Mackenzie in much of the details contained in that article, while the wisdom and propriety of any interference on his part with the movement until the central committee had concluded their labours and submitted their report, may be called in question.

The period at which the movement originated was soon found to have been an unfortunate one—at least so far as the city was concerned, owing to the monetary pressure which almost universally prevailed. This, with other causes, induced the belief that having issued a large number of the addresses to the people, it would be advisable to leave the matter in abeyance until after harvest, when there would probably be a monetary change for the better, and at least, more leisure for the farmer to engage actively in the movement.

The Reform Press generally throughout the Province had given a very clear testimony in its favour: in several places, also, public meetings had been held at which committees were organized to canvass for subscriptions. Some time after these indications of progress appeared, notice was given by me as secretary, through an advertisement in the *Globe* that remittances would be expected if possible about the month of September, and it appeared to be the judgment of the committee in the city to allow the subject to remain in abeyance until the end of September or October before again pressing it upon the attention of the public. This duty of the committee—whether wisely or unwisely each reader will determine for himself.—Mr. Mackenzie has virtually assumed. I cannot, however, but admit that the unpromising aspect of the movement, and the tardy and limited response which has been made, even in promise, to the appeal made by the central committee on his behalf, was calculated to rouse the spirit of a less impulsive person.

Had there been only in writing or correspondence the indications of a proper spirit in the matter, perhaps Reformers would have been spared the caustic allusions of Mr. Mackenzie in the article named, with reference to the apparent intelligence, patriotism and justice of the public towards their most faithful and devoted public servants.

He has realized by painful experience what appears to be common everywhere, that divested public services are ordinarily accompanied by no reward but that which arises from the conviction of having faithfully discharged important and onerous duties.

That Mr. Mackenzie has been a public benefactor to Canada no intelligent and candid person can deny; and it will indicate a low state of intelligence and patriotism—a very low appreciation of fidelity to public trust—if, in the whole Province, there be not contributed a few thousand pounds towards the object contemplated by the committee.

There is yet time and opportunity afforded for the people to act in this matter, and it is recommended that, if private friends cannot be found to devote their personal time to canvass for subscriptions, a suitable responsible agent be employed in each locality and paid for his services. It is well known that there are thousands who would be ready to contribute if visited by such an authorized agent.

The citizens of Toronto who have not as yet contributed, will have an opportunity of doing so through any of the members of the committee, or through friends who have consented to act as collectors or receivers. There were about 750 copies of the address issued to the members of the committee for distribution; but as many persons have not received a copy the balance of the impression will immediately be circulated, or given on application to those who may be desirous to further the scheme.

The amount already promised or subscribed in the books of the city members of committee is about two hundred pounds; and a much larger sum is reasonably anticipated as there has been no general canvass of the wards.

I may remark that it is the intention of the committee to employ a general agent to canvass the united counties of York and Peel, and perhaps to make a Provincial tour without interfering with the operation of local committees.

There is no reason to doubt, if one may judge from letters received within the last few days, that the interest in the movement is not

abated, but requires only the devotion of a little time and activity to accomplish the object. A friend in Caledon writes, on the 10th inst.—"Enclosed I send you the sum of fifteen pounds five shillings for the 'Mackenzie Homestead,' being the result of half an hour's labour. I am sorry that so little has been collected, but it is not the fault of the people; they appear to be each one waiting for his neighbour." Another friend writes from Derby West, on the 11th,—"I have sent you a little I have been able to collect among a few friends for Mr. Mackenzie, viz: six pounds. It is a pity that he did not wait a few weeks longer before writing upon the subject." The season of leisure among the farmers is now approaching; there is abundance of the bounties of Providence and large returns for labour generally, and it is hoped by the committee that a return of subscriptions will yet be received worthy of those to whom the appeal has been made.

J. LESSLIE,
 Secretary and Treasurer.
 Toronto, October 15th, 1856.

P. S.—All newspapers favourable to the "Homestead" movement will oblige by giving this communication an insertion.

J. L.

The Election in Queen's Division.

(From the *Downsville Star* 17th.)
 The election of a member to represent this Division has terminated, and, as we fully expected, Mr. Simpson has been elected by a majority of about two thousand, as near as we have been able to ascertain. No doubt the friends of Mr. Rutan will say that the result would have been far different had that gentleman kept the field till after the election; and that Mr. Simpson's majority, even if he had a majority at all, would have been decidedly less than it is now ascertained to be. If they really think so, we have no disposition to deprive them of any little consolation they may enjoy on that score, but nevertheless we have strong grounds for believing that Mr. Simpson's majority would have been equally as great as it is, even had Mr. Rutan maintained his ground and contested the election up to the last hour the poll was kept open.

The municipalities of Darlington and Bowmanville, but little more than half the votes were polled owing, it is well known, to Mr. Rutan's retirement, great number of Mr. Simpson's warmest friends and supporters deeming it quite unnecessary to attend the hustings because of Mr. Rutan's withdrawal from the field. Fully six hundred votes more could have been polled in these municipalities for Mr. Simpson had necessity required it. So in Clarke, Reach, Eldon, Brock, Maniwa, and other places, where Mr. Simpson was sure of a majority of votes, not a third of his friends went to the polls, deeming it unnecessary in consequence of Mr. Rutan's retirement.

We look upon Mr. Simpson's return as a complete victory. Mr. Rutan is well known, was the "Government candidate," and was backed by all the government hirelings understrappers in the Division, in obedience to written instructions from John A. Macdonald, and it may be, others of his colleagues in the "Government of Canada." Macdonald, and Morrison, and Burton, the condemned member for East Durham, all manifested a strong desire in favour of Mr. Rutan, and would not have done by him as they did by Van-koughten in Rideau, i. e., supply him with the "needful," out of the public chest, had they not known right well that the honest yeomen of Queen's Division were above a bribe, and valued their privileges as freemen at too great a price to be bartered away for government gold, official favours, or cheap whiskey.

One circumstance in connection with this election we were particularly pleased to see, and that was the warm and cordial reception Mr. Simpson met with in the Township of Cartwright. He is the first gentleman holding Reform principles who has ever polled over 25 or 30 votes in that township. In this instance he polled about 125 votes to Mr. Rutan's 50, and no doubt he could have polled more had it been thought necessary. It may be said that had Mr. Rutan kept in the field, Mr. Simpson's success would not have been so great, but we have good reasons for believing otherwise. Every man who voted for Mr. Simpson, did so because he was convinced that his immediate interests demanded it and that it would be the very height of folly to do otherwise. The men of Cartwright came forward nobly, and acquitted themselves like men—and we can assure them that their conduct is duly appreciated, and will not soon be forgotten either by Mr. Simpson or his friends in this quarter.

Mr. Simpson is now our chosen representative, and we congratulate him upon the honour so freely bestowed him by the electors of Queen's. It is a proud position for any man to fill, and we have no doubt Mr. Simpson will, in every respect, prove worth of the honour, and discharge his duties in such a manner as to give no cause for any man to regret having entrusted to his care the destinies not only of Queen's Division, but in a measure, this fair Province, of which Canadians are so justly proud. We need scarcely add that he has our best wishes for success in the sphere which he is about to enter upon, and we sincerely trust that his labours in the Legislative Council of his country, may not only redound to his lasting credit as an individual, but prove, in every sense, a blessing to those whom he is called upon to represent.

Lieutenant-General Sir William Eyre, Commander-in-Chief of the Forces in Canada, and the hero of the Cemetery at Sebastopol, arrived in Toronto on Saturday last, by the steamer *Magnet*, on a tour of inspection.

A guard of honour from the Royal Canadian Rifles received him on the wharf.—Colonel.

Lost on the LAFRATER NAAGARA.—John Frisby and George Tensdale, two highly respectable farmers of this township, who took passage on the *Niagara* for the west, with large sums of money to invest in real property. We believe there is no longer any doubt they have shared the fate of many others on the ill-fated steamer, and their friends have been vainly hoping to hear of their safety. The books on the boat having been burned, the names of those persons reported saved indicated pretty surely that all on board at the time was lost.—*Markham Economist*.

SEPARATION OF THE COUNTIES OF YORK AND PEEL.—The first meeting of the Provincial Counties for the County of Peel was held last Tuesday, in the Town Hall, Brampton. It was there decided in compliance with the provisions of the act of Separation, that the vote of the people be taken on the 27th and 28th instants.—*Drampton Times*.

By Telegraph.

Arrival of the North American.

RIVER DU LOUP, Oct. 22.
 The Screw Steamer *North American* passed here this morning. She left Liverpool on the morning of October 8th. Her news is four days later than the *Persia*.
 LIVERPOOL, 7th.

BREADSTUFFS.

Messrs. Richardson, Spence & Co., report continued bad weather, which deteriorates the condition of the English Wheat. American is freely taken by consumers, and on our market to-day a good business was done at an advance of 1d a 2d per bushel for all qualities, 9s 6d being paid for red; 10s 3d a 10s 6d for white. Flour is scarce, and in demand; at an advance of 1s per bbl. Indian Corn very quiet, with but few buyers; holders are not pressing sales; mixed is quoted at 23s a 23s 6d. Western Corn at Flour—sales at 28s a 28s 6d. Ohio 35s a 38s. Philadelphia and Baltimore 32s 33s. Beef—No sales; quotations unchanged. Pork steady at previous rates. Lard without demand and prices nominal.

LONDON, Tuesday Evening.
 Our money Market became decidedly more stringent after the departure of the last American mails, and the Bank of England yesterday advanced its rate of interest to 5 a 6 per cent. for two months bills. Consols for money closed at 91 1/2 a 91 3/4; for account at 91 1/4 a 91 1/2.

FURTHER BY THE NORTH AMERICAN.

Parliament was again prorogued by the Lord Chancellor, until Thursday, 13th November. Her Majesty leaves Balmoral on the 15th for Windsor. Lord Palmerston is at Balmoral. Mr. Corwin's report to the President of the United States respecting the occupation of the Isthmus of Panama by the United States Government, is sharply criticised in the *Times* of the 7th inst., which trusts that the good sense of the American people will defeat the electioneering tricks of President Pierce and his Cabinet. The London correspondent of the *Manchester Guardian* writing on the same subject says:—The Central American difficulty has been a good deal talked of to-day, more I imagine from the prominence given to it by the leading Journal than from any serious idea that it will cause the re-opening of diplomatic disputes between this country and the United States; making full allowance for the extreme view estimation in which President Pierce's government is held, and the anticipation that it could adopt Mr. Corwin's recommendation seems simply preposterous.

The negotiations which were supposed to be concluded regarding Central America, originated with an American gentleman not unknown in the circles of literature and diplomacy. Another treaty or convention has been concluded though not ratified between England and the United States, and the third between the latter Power and Honduras, is in a similar state. With so recent and so complete an arrangement, secured in every respect save what is little more than a formality—it is one would suppose, quite out of the question, that any new complication can be got up even by those who now rule at Washington.

Some modifications in the minor of the Government appointments are talked of. Mr. Frederick Peel or Mr. Mansell, is said to be the new Vice President of the Council of Education. A Company is being got up in London for a communication with Australia via the Isthmus of Panama.

MONETARY CRISIS IN EUROPE.
 The whole of Europe is at present convulsed by a monetary crisis. On Monday the Bank of England directors advanced the rate of discount from 5 to 6 per cent on all small bills.

The *London Times* says:—On all bills not having more than sixty days to run, and to 7 per cent for all bills over 60 days. A short time previous to the announcement of this intelligence was received from Paris that the Bank of France had resolved to refuse all bills having more than sixty days to run; and also to limit their advances of Stock to forty per cent of the amount. There is good reason to hope that the measure announced by the Bank of England will prove ample.

From Paris we learn it is the determination to increase the force of the Garrison. The reason assigned would appear to confirm the statements circulated regarding insurrection and conspiracy; or we are told that the Garrison must be strengthened on account of the number of political arrests.

DENMARK.
 The Danish Ministry has not been formed. The Chambers have been prorogued till the 1st Dec.

The British ministerial press is still silent on the subject of Neapolitan affairs, but from the French journals we learn that the Emperor Alexander, who intimates a faith in the wisdom and discretion of France, has also an excellent opinion of the French Ministry. The Neapolitan King will be well supported by his subjects in the event of a collision with the hostile fleets. The French fleet has not yet quitted Toulon, but the British fleet had left Gibraltar for the Mediterranean. The London evening Star says Louis Napoleon is anxious to settle the Neapolitan difficulty, and through the intervention of the Pope.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Toronto, Oct. 23, 1856.
 Wheat comes in plentiful just now and commands from 7s 9d to 6s 1d—the latter price only paid in one or two instances and these rare samples.

Flour in fair demand at 6s 1/2 a 6s 3/4 per bbl. Barley in request at 5s per bush. Rye 4s and scarce. Oats unchanged, 2s 6d a 2s 9d. Butter 1s 3/4 per lb; Eggs 1s per doz. Apples—choice fruit, at 2s per bbl. Potatoes, 3s 1d a 3s 9d per bushel.

NEWMARKET MARKETS.

Newmarket, Oct. 22, 1856.
 An immense quantity of Wheat is being delivered just now. Upon enquiry of the different buyers we learn that on Monday last up to 2000 bushels were purchased at the depot, and for ought we know there has been nearly as much delivered every day since.

The ruling figure yesterday was from 6s to 6s 4d, for fall Wheat, and about 1s less for Spring.

Flour 6s a 6s 1/2. Barley 4s 6d a 4s 9d. Oats, 2s 3d; Peas, 3s; Potatoes 2s 6d. Apples 1s 10d a 2s; Butter 1s a 1s 1/2; Cheese 7s a 9s; Turnips 7s to 1s 3d, according to quality and kind; Convolv, 3s for green, 2s for dry.

Wife.
 Mrs. Ramay, relict of the late Robert Ramay, Esq., of Thorne Hall, and Alderman of Beverley in the County of York England, departed this life on the 27th of Sept., in her eighty-eighth year, at her native place, deeply lamented by her family and much respected by a numerous circle of friends. The deceased was mother to the Rev. Septimus F. Ramay, M. A. of this Town.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Holloway's Pills have wrought wonders in the unhealthy regions of the West and Southwest. In September last, Hiram Seabury, aged 23, residing near Terre Haute, Ia., was

cured in two weeks of bilious remittent fever (to which he had been subject every fall 6 or 7 years), by the searching operation of the reason after several years' misery, as well as a badly suffering. The attack generally confined him to the house from the middle of December. Every remedy that the faculty could suggest was tried without avail; but that which had defied their prescriptions for nine consecutive years, was radically cured in a fortnight by Holloway's Pills. Mr. Seabury, writing under date January 3d, says, "I am now in the enjoyment of perfect health."

THREE CHIEFS FOR BEVERLY!—We learn that, at a meeting of the electors of Beverley, held at Rockton, yesterday, the Ministry was condemned. Spence's mob, from Dundas and other parts of the Riding, was outnumbered, and resolutions condemning their master and his colleagues, carried. North Wentworth will do its duty at next election.

New Advertisements.

Fall Trade Sale!

AT THE STORES OF
 D. MACDONELL,
 YONGE & WELLINGTON STREETS,
 On Wednesday, Oct. 29, 1856,
 AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK:

150 HIDS Bright Porto Rico Sugar.
 10

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BUFFALO SKINS!

FROM the New-England Bay Co. Fur Caps, Goggles, Duck Gloves and Mitts, and SHOE PACKS.

AT BOGART'S STORE.

Newmarket, Oct. 23, 1886. 1f-38

PHRENOLOGY.

Professor J. H. LEE, WILL LECTURE on the above Science at the VILLAGE OF SHARON, On Saturday, and Monday Evenings, October 23rd and 24th inst. Thorough and reliable delineation of character will be made in his Room, at Reid's Hotel, during the day. Lecture to commence at 7 1/2 o'clock precisely. Oct. 23, 1886. 1f-38

PENITENTIARY

Boot and Shoe Establishment, 51 Yonge Street, 4 doors above King Street TORONTO.

JAMES B. CARRUTHER, DEALER in Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, Wholesale and Retail, at Low Prices. Country purchasers would find it to their advantage to give this establishment a call before selecting elsewhere. Toronto, Oct. 23, 1886. 1f-38

Valuable Farm for Sale,

THAT desirable property within Ten Minutes walk of the Newmarket Station, containing 70 ACRES, Being part of the Estate of the late Colonel HILL, commonly known as ROSEBANK FARM. For particulars apply to T. G. HURD, Land Agent, Toronto. Oct. 23, 1886. 1f-38

EARLY CLOSING.

WE have undersigned Merchant Storekeepers in Newmarket agree to close our Stores and places of business at seven o'clock p. m., and on Saturday at 8 o'clock p. m., said arrangement to commence on Monday Oct. 27, 1886.

Donald Sutherland, Jos. Cantlira, M. W. Bogart, John Davison, M. S. Corryell, John Saxton, Geo. Douvray, George Dixon, John Towley, T. H. Burroughs, Mary S. Burn, Ellen Maguire, J. & J. Hodge, Sarah Davis, E. Hughes. Newmarket, Oct. 20, 1886. 3f-38

Store to be Let,

NEAR the Railway Station, Newmarket, a Rare Chance. For particulars, apply to N. HAWKS. Newmarket, Oct. 23, 1886. 1f-38

GREAT SALE OF

REAL PROPERTY

WILSON & PATTERSON HAVE GREAT PLEASURE IN OFFERING FOR SALE, BY PUBLIC AUCTION,

AT PILKEY'S HOTEL, MARKHAM VILLAGE, On Saturday, October 25, 1886.

ONE HUNDRED MAGNIFICENT TOWN LOTS!!

Situated on D. Ransom's Plot in the rising TOWN OF COLLINGWOOD.

THESE Lots are all of five acres or more, and are situated on the streets upon which they are situated, and contain a full quarter of an Acre in each, being sixty feet front by one hundred and sixty feet deep, large enough to afford frontage for three Deep Goods Stores of the usual size, and may be subdivided as to meet the increasing wants of the town.

TERMS: Only twenty-five dollars to be paid down on each lot disposed of, no matter what price it may be sold at, twenty-five per cent on the first day of January next, and the balance in two equal instalments, from day of sale, with interest.

Sale to Commence Ten o'clock a. m. WILSON & PATTERSON, Auctioneers. Markham, Oct. 15, 1886. 2f-37

BRYDGE'S OLD LONDON

GINGER WINE!

JUST Received, a supply of the above article—it is very palatable, and will keep any length of time. For Sale Wholesale and Retail, by THOS. BROWN & Co., Grocers, &c., 47, Yonge Street, Toronto. Oct. 16, 1886. 3f-37

Thomas Leslie, Clock and Watch-Maker—Aurora. Jewelry neatly Repaired. Aurora, 1886. 2f-37

PEREMPTORY SALE

CONTINUED!

COBBOURGS, CASHMERE, DELAINES, ALPACAS, FRENCH MERINOS, GINGHAM, PRINTS, FILL'D SHAWLS, WOOL SHAWLS, GERMAN PLAIDS, Hosiery, JAMES LEISIMAN, North-West corner of King and Church streets, Toronto. Oct. 13, 1886. 1f-37

Winter Clothing.

NOW is the time for Winter Clothing—Ready Made, or made to order, and Guaranteed a good fit, at BOGART'S Tailoring Establishment.

MAGISTRATE'S BLANKS, Of all descriptions, on hand for sale. Apply at the NEW ERA OFFICE. Newmarket, June 9, 1884. 1f-37

Booth's "Old Tom,"

OR LONDON GIN.

JUST Received, a supply of the above, warranted GENUINE. For Sale, Wholesale and Retail, by THOS. BROWN & Co., Grocers, &c., 47, Yonge St., Toronto. Oct. 16, 1886. 1f-37

FALL ARRANGEMENTS.

Ontario, Simcoe and Huron RAILROAD.

ON and after WEDNESDAY, October 13, 1886, trains will run as follows:—

LEAVE TORONTO. Mail Train at 7:45 A.M., arrives at Collingwood at 12:30 P.M. Accommodation Train at 4:00 P.M., arrives at Collingwood at 8:35 P.M.

LEAVE COLLINGWOOD. Accommodation Train at 6:40 A.M., arrives at Toronto at 10:55 A.M. Mail Train at 3 P.M., arrives at Toronto at 7:35 P.M.

Mail Train north will connect with Lake Simcoe Boat only on Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week. Returning, Boat will connect with Mail Train for Toronto on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

J. L. GRANT, Superintendent. Toronto, Oct. 13, 1886. 1f-37

NEWMARKET

Marble Works!

On the Engraving Stone, The victims of the dead speak to the living. THE Subscribers having recently contracted CO-Partnership in the above line of business, are prepared, at their Establishment on MAIN STREET, NEWMARKET, To furnish to order, all kinds of Monumental Work, including Monuments, Obelisks, Tomb-Stones, Tablets, Centre-Tops, Headstones, &c., &c., all of which, for Quality and Style of Workmanship, they flatter themselves, from long experience in the business, cannot be surpassed by any other establishment in Canada.

BARBER & HART. Newmarket, Oct. 15, 1886. 1f-37

New Tea and Coffee

WAREHOUSE,

Opposite the North American Hotel, NEWARK. WHERE will be found a choice and complete Stock of Groceries, Crockery, Glassware, Wines, Liquors, &c., &c. The Subscriber having purchased his Goods in Foreign Markets, is prepared to sell at

Extremely Low Prices. His Stock consists, in part, of—Teas, Raisins, Currants, Coffee, Tobacco, Cigars, Sauces and Pickles of all kinds, bottled ready for use; Salad, Hair, Sperm and Lamp Oils; Molasses and Syrups, Vinegar, Herring (Dried and Pickled), Cheese—English and American, Cod-Fish.

Hams and Bacon. Soap, Candles, Sardines, Mustard, Nuts of all kinds, Spices of all kinds, Brooms, Pails, &c., &c. Edinburgh Ale, London Porter, Champagne, All of the very best Wines, Brandy, Gin, Rum, Canadian and Scotch Whisky, draught Porter, &c., and in fact all kinds of

FAMILY GROCERIES. Which will be sold at the Lowest possible market prices. The public are respectfully invited to make an inspection before purchasing elsewhere, as Great Bargains may be expected.

ALL kinds of FARM PRODUCE taken in exchange for Goods. M. S. CORRYELL. Newmarket, Oct. 15, 1886. 1f-37

NOTICE

IS HEREBY Given, that the Partnership heretofore existing under the Firm of WILSON & HARRY, of Aurora, Builders, in this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having claims against the said Firm, are requested to hand in their accounts to Charles S. Witte, who is duly authorized to settle the same; and all persons indebted to the said Firm are requested to pay their respective accounts by the first day of December next to the said C. S. Witte, who is duly authorized to grant receipts for the same.

CHARLES S. WITTE, THOMAS G. HARRY. Aurora, Oct. 13, 1886. 3f-37

HARDWARE!

SHAW & SON having received large additions to their Stock of English and American Hardware are prepared to sell the same at low rates; and will call on all persons intending purchasers of Cut and Wrought Nails of every description. Builders Hardware, Carpenter Tools, Mill, Cross-cut, Circular and Hand Saws, Felling, hand and Broad Axes, &c., &c. Sign of the large Felling Axe, No. 78, Yonge Street. Toronto, Oct. 16, 1886. 1f-37

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

PROSPECT St. Newmarket, respectfully invites his friends, and the public generally, to an inspection of his present newly selected Stock of Goods, which is

QUALITY AND PRICE, He feels confident, will give good satisfaction. U. F. N. B.—The Highest Price always paid for Butter and Produce. Remember the Store is on Prospect Street, Garbutt Hill. Newmarket, Oct. 9th, 1886. 1f-36

E. HUGHES,

THE subscriber begs to acquaint the inhabitants of Sharon and surrounding country, that he has commenced

TAILORING TRADE, Nearly opposite Doan's Dry Goods Store, where he will be pleased to wait on those desiring his services in any of the branches of his business. G. P. SMITH. Sharon, Sept. 21, 1886. 1f-34

OPENING FALL SALE

Fresh Fruits, Sugars, Teas

COFFEE, TOBACCO,

LIQUORS & GENERAL GROCERIES

AT THE STORE OF

JOHN MITCHELL & CO.

ON THURSDAY, 21st OCTOBER, 1886, will be offered the following at Auction 4000 packages Hanch, Muscatel and Layer Raisins, in boxes, halves and quarters. 200 bags Soft Shell Almonds, Filberts, Walnuts and Greenolives. 750 drums and half drums Figs. 225 hhds. Porto Rico and Cuba Sugars. 420 hls. Refined Sugars. 50 " Molasses. 125 " Golden Syrup. 1800 packages Young Hyson and Souchow Tea (Fresh arrivals) samples of which may be examined two days previous to Sale. 60 boxes Java, 100 and 250 lbs. 130 large East Indian Rice. 40 " Black Pepper. 30 " Pimento. 180 boxes Glenfield Starch. 50 cases and packets Saled Oil, quarts and pints. 250 jars "Kee's" Mustard. 250 boxes Liverpool Soap. 97 " Castrol Oil. 120 kegs Carbonate Soda. 40 kegs Sal Soda. 20 hhds. Hennessy's Pale and Dark Brandy. 30 " De Kuyper's Gin. 275 boxes and half boxes Codfish. 260 large Herrings and Mackerel. Together with numerous other articles. 675 MONTHS' credit on Tea purchases, if over \$25.

The sale will take place at TEN o'clock in the forenoon, and will be attended by

ANDREW HENDERSON, Auctioneer. Toronto, Oct. 9, 1886. 1f-36

M. W. BOGART'S

MILBURNY SHOW ROOM

WILL be opened for the season, on FRIDAY, the 17th inst., where will be found a choice lot of Bonnets, Cloaks, Circulars, Head Dresses, &c., and other goods adapted for the fall trade. All orders promptly attended to. Newmarket, Oct. 9, 1886. 1f-36

SHINGLES!

100,000 SHINGLES, For Sale at BOGART'S Store. Newmarket, Oct. 9, 1886. 1f-36

NOTICE

IS HEREBY Given, that the Partnership heretofore existing between MORRIS & VANDER, as Brewers, has been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts against the said firm are to be presented to Mr. Morrison for liquidation. Newmarket, Oct. 8, 1886. 3f-36

FOUND.

ON the Town Line West of Newmarket, between Young Street and the 2nd Con., on Tuesday last, several Bags. The owner can have them by applying at this office and paying for this advertisement. Newmarket, Oct. 4, 1886. 1f-36

NOTICE

IS HEREBY Given, that all parties indebted to the Estate of the late JAMES ROBINSON, of the Township of Hinchurch, to make payment to the undersigned, on or before the 1st of January, 1887. All those having claims against said Estate, are requested to present their accounts, properly authenticated.

ROBT. ROBINSON. Newmarket, Oct. 7, 1886. 3f-36

FALL AND WINTER GOODS!

at the

KETTLEBY CHEAP STORE!!

IN returning thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, the subscriber begs to inform the inhabitants of KETTLEBY AND surrounding neighborhood, that he is now receiving a choice and well-selected Stock of Dry Goods and Groceries, Together with every other description of goods usually kept in a country store, to which he would invite an inspection. These goods have been imported the present season, and embrace the LATEST STYLE AND FASHIONS. Farm Produce, such as Eggs, Butter, &c., &c., taken in exchange for goods.

SILAS SNIDER. Kettleby, Oct. 3, 1886. 1f-36

NOTICE

THE undersigned Executors to the Estate of the late ALEX. WATSON, request that all debts due to said Estate be settled forthwith; and all parties having claims against the same are requested to present them for liquidation.

B. W. HOWARD, OWEN PHILLIPS, Executors. East Gwillimbury, Oct. 2nd, 1886. 1f-35

CASH FOR WHEAT.

WANTED, by the subscriber, at AURORA R. STATION, 50,000 Bushels good clean Fall Wheat, and 30,000 do do Spring Wheat. At Current Rates. CHARLES DOAN. Aurora, Oct. 2nd, 1886. 2f-35

Education for Young Ladies!

Mrs. and Miss Burn, HAVING been frequently solicited, since they came to Newmarket to open a School, they have now made arrangements to commence on Monday, 6th October.

THEIR intention is, to pursue the same system of tuition which gave such general satisfaction, for four years in Toronto; that is, to thoroughly ground their pupils in a good, solid, English Education, combining the

USEFUL with the ORNAMENTAL, Drawing them on by persevering patience and kindness; always keeping in view their present and future welfare.

TERMS PER QUARTER Pupils under Seven, £0 10 0 do Upwards, 0 15 0 Music, 1 0 0 Boarders including Music & Tuition, 8 15 0 U. F. Accommodation for two Boarders. Newmarket, Sept. 24, 1886. 4f-34

NOTICE

THE subscriber begs to acquaint the inhabitants of Sharon and surrounding country, that he has commenced

TAILORING TRADE, Nearly opposite Doan's Dry Goods Store, where he will be pleased to wait on those desiring his services in any of the branches of his business. G. P. SMITH. Sharon, Sept. 21, 1886. 1f-34

PANTECHNETHECA.

CIRCULAR

THE subscriber begs to inform the Citizens of Toronto and Public generally, that he has formed a Partnership with Mr. JOHN CHARLESWORTH, in the Dry Goods, Clothing, and General Business, and has no connection with the former Trade, and his own experience and connection in Great Britain, he will be enabled to offer inducements hitherto unknown in Canada.

J. B. KYNDER. PANTECHNETHECA. CIRCULAR.

THE subscriber grateful for the patronage liberally afforded him for the past five years, and respectfully to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has Disposed of his former Stock and Interest in his old stand, and has pleasure in informing them that he has entered into a Partnership with Mr. J. B. KYNDER, recently from England, where he has been long connected with some of the first class Business Houses, and feels confident that, with the additional means and his own extensive connections, he will be better able to serve his former patrons and friends; by offering such inducements as must secure a large and increased Trade.

JOHN CHARLESWORTH. PANTECHNETHECA. KYNDER & CHARLESWORTH, RESPECTFULLY announce to the Citizens of Toronto and Public generally, that they have leased a part of those large and magnificent Premises (by far the most handsome in Canada) lately erected by Mr. Thomas Hutchinson, and known as the

PANTECHNETHECA. KYNDER & CHARLESWORTH, HAVING had their premises fitted up in a style becoming the times, purpose doing an extensive business on the principle of "Small Profits and Large Sales." No additional expense being incurred in the management, all parties being actively employed during business hours, advantages thus secured to a discerning public must meet with prompt support and encouragement.

KYNDER & CHARLESWORTH, WOULD respectfully invite the attention of the Ladies, Citizens, and public generally to their large stock of staple and fancy dry goods, millinery, clothing, boots and shoes, hats and caps, all being of a new selection, purchased on the best terms in the British, Foreign, and American Markets.

The dry goods department will be replete with all that is new and seasonable. The Millinery and Mantle Department will be superintended by two competent young ladies, who have had personal experience in the most fashionable houses in London and New York. A choice and good selection will be expected.

The opening of this department will be announced in the daily papers. In the outfitting department will be found the largest and most complete assortment of ever offered in Canada, in over-coats, under-coats, pants, and vests.

Hats and caps in great variety. Counting room and boots and shoes. The Tailoring department will be superintended by a First Class Cutter, and customers may rely upon having their orders supplied to their satisfaction, both as regards price and style.

Our business connections in Britain enable us to assume a superior position to many of our Canadian Friends in the trade; therefore the public may depend upon making their purchases from 10 to 15 per cent. below any other house in the city.

PANTECHNETHECA. PARTICULAR attention will be paid to the Wholesale Department, a reserve stock being kept to meet the demands of the retail business, enabling K. & C. to supply small dealers with length to suit, at prices lower than many exclusive wholesale houses sell to country buyers. Our retail trade guaranteeing the current expenses, without any supplying the Trade on the lowest and best terms.

Country Buyers and Peddlers will do well to give us a call. NO SECOND PRICE. PANTECHNETHECA to be Opened on TUESDAY, Oct. 7, at 9 a. m. No. 32 & 34, King-street East, Toronto. KYNDER & CHARLESWORTH. J. B. Kynder. J. Charlesworth. Toronto, Oct. 2, 1886. 1f-35

AURORA VILLAGE.

THOMAS ATKINSON

WISHES to inform the public that his Planing and Stave Machines & Turning Lathes, are now in operation. He expects to MITCH FLOORING so as to give the utmost satisfaction.

(Especially North of Aurora) will find it their interest to call on him for their Staves. He has for sale an excellent 8" BOILER, as good as new, which he will sell considerably under original cost. It is 23 feet long, and 22 inches in diameter. Its Fire-plate and other apparatus are in good order.

N. B.—The Georgetown and Toronto Lime Company have appointed him AGENT for the sale of their superior LIME, at 16 cent per bushel. A constant supply from their Kilns may be always calculated upon.

COME AND SEE. Aurora, Oct. 9, 1886. 1f-36 [Sentinel copy 4 weeks.]

NOTICE

THE subscriber offers for Sale at Low Rates the balance of his Farming Stock and Implements, AT AURORA, 1 Overhaul Threshing Machine and Separator, Emery's Patent, Albany, N. Y., a first-rate article. 1 Truck Wagon, new. 1 Heavy Train Wagon with Steel Springs. 1 Wood Shed, cap, 100 ft. long. 1 fine Berkshire Sow and Pig.

—ALSO— 4 Patent Corn Shellers, 4 Vegetable Cutters, both excellent articles. CHARLES DOAN. Aurora, Oct. 2nd, 1886. 2f-35

NEW GOODS

DONALD SUTHERLAND,

WATER ST. NEWMARKET.

Respectfully intimates that he has now received a very large supply of New Goods suitable for the FALL AND WINTER TRADE. To which he invites particular attention from his customers and the public in general. Newmarket, Oct. 3rd, 1886. 1f-35

LEATHER AND RUBBER BELTING. Of all sizes; Nails, Glass, Putty, Loeke, Hinges, &c., Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Sheet Zinc, L. C. and I. T. Tin, Black Tin, &c., for sale by RICE LEWIS & SON, At the Pallace. Toronto, September 11, 1886. 1f-32

FURS & BUFFALO ROBES,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

THE subscribers have now on hand, and are constantly manufacturing, a very large and superior assortment of Fur Caps, Gaudettes, &c., &c. Also, every variety of LADIES' FURS, which they will sell, WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, At such prices as will defy competition.

They are also in receipt of a large consignment of No. 1, North West Buffalo Skins, which they will sell singly or by the bale, at the lowest possible prices.

BROWN & McCROSSON, 90, King Street, Sign of the Cocked Hat, opposite St. James' Cathedral. Toronto, Oct. 1st, 1886. 1f-35

FALL & WINTER GOODS,

JUST Received, of all kinds adapted to the season, and Now Offered for Sale, at a small advance—At BOGART'S STORE, Main St., Newmarket. MILLINERY GOODS, Made to Order, as usual, on and after the 29th instant. Newmarket, Sept. 26, 1886. 1f-34

Fresh Imported Goods.

THE Subscribers are in receipt of Bills per Ex Steamer India, from Liverpool, and in a few days will open up an usual large Stock of Direct from the British Manufacturers, namely:—4-4 and 8-4 Heavy brown and bleached Sheetings and Shirtings; Crossbarred and Book M's in; Muslin de Laines; Lustrous; Colours; French Marins; Dress-Trimming; Hosiery and Gloves; Cashmere, Doeskins, Twedes, Broadcloths, Flannels, Blankets, Threads and

Carpets—an Excellent Article. ALSO, FROM N. YORK & HARTFORD Salinets, Tickings, Cotton Twists, Bolts, Wedding and Hartford PLAIN REMNANT PRINTS for Quilting. A choice stock of first-rate TEA, COFFEE, SUGAR, Sugar House SYRUP and Family Groceries, Paints, Oils, Burning Fluid, Lamps and Wick. American Hardware, Boots and Shoes, And Rubber Goods.

ALSO, FROM OSWEGO, N. Y., 150 BLS. American SALT, 30 do. Hydraulic Cement. CHAS. DOAN & Co., Sharon, CHAS. DOAN, Aurora. October 3rd, 1886. 3f-35

CASH FOR WHEAT!

THE subscriber is now prepared to pay CASH for any quantity of merchantable Wheat, delivered at the Railroad Depots, in Newmarket or Aurora. J. W. MARSDEN. Newmarket, May 22, 1886. 1f-33

CASH FOR WHEAT.

THE Subscriber is now prepared to pay CASH for any quantity of Merchantable Wheat, delivered at the Railroad Station, in Newmarket or Aurora. JOSEPH BOGART. Newmarket, Sept. 4, 1886. 1f-31

Cash for Wheat!

AUGUST, 1886. THE Subscriber begs to inform the public that they are now erected a GRAIN ELEVATOR at the NEWMARKET RAILWAY BUILDINGS, and are prepared to pay the HIGHEST CASH PRICE for any quantity of good Merchantable Fall and Spring WHEAT Delivered at the Newmarket Station of the Northern Railway.

EXTRA SUPERFINE FLOUR And Mill Offal, of all kinds, for sale on the lowest terms. WILCOCKS & THORNE. Newmarket, Aug. 26, 1886. 1f-30

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!!

REVISASONI IMPORTERS OF HARDWARE BAR IRON &c. 41 KING ST. TORONTO

A VERY LARGE and varied stock of Hardware

all of superior quality, imported from the best Houses in England and the States, comprising every article in the line, and for sale at the lowest prices. Both Wholesale and Retail! By R. LEWIS & SON, 41, King-street, Toronto.

MILL, MOLLY and CIRCULAR SAWS and all other descriptions of FLINT and other celebrated makers. Fully Warranted, and Returnable if not Good. LEATHER AND RUBBER BELTING. Of all sizes; Nails, Glass, Putty, Loeke, Hinges, &c., Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Sheet Zinc, L. C. and I. T. Tin, Black Tin, &c., for sale by RICE LEWIS & SON, At the Pallace. Toronto, September 11, 1886. 1f-32

STORE AND DWELLING TO BE LET,

TO let near the Railway Depot, in Aurora, and directly opposite the Wellington Hotel. For particulars, apply to G. L. STEVENSON. Aurora, Aug. 20, 1886. 1f-29

NOTICE

IS HEREBY given that all notes and Book Accounts due the undersigned, have been placed in the hands of Mr. Wm. Wallis, of Newmarket for collection, who is authorized to receive the amount and grant discharge.

NOTICE

THE Subscriber offers for sale Lot No. 30 in the 8th Con. of Whitechurch, consisting of 300 ACRES, About 20 of which are cleared and fenced. There is a Plank House nearly finished, Log Barn and some other out-buildings, already erected upon the premises. Also, a first-rate

SAW MILL, Doubled geared and quite new. The firm is thickly stocked with pine, and convenient to be hauled to the mill. For Terms, apply on the premises to the subscriber. JOSEPH COOK. Whitechurch, Aug. 29, 1886. 1f-32

BRICKS FOR SALE!

THE Subscriber having established a Brick Yard in the Village of Aurora, has on hand for Sale, 200,000 OF GOOD BRICK! W. MOSLEY, Land Agent, Conveyancer, &c. Aurora, Aug. 18th, 1886. 1f-31

NOTICE

Amusement.

Conjurators.—Why is the letter P like an elephant?—Because it is in the middle of water.

Why is the letter E like a child's first sin?—Because it is the beginning of error.

Why is the letter O like pain?—Because it makes man moan.

Why was the nose put in the middle of the face?—Because it is the seat of sense.

Why does the cook make more noise than the bell?—Because one makes a din, but the other a dinner.

Why are country girls cheeks like well printed cotton?—Because they are warranted to wash and keep the color.

A man in Wisconsin recently advertising his farm for sale, winds up as follows: "The surrounding country is the most beautiful the God of nature ever made. The scenery is celestial, divine; also two wagons to sell and a yoke of steers."

The Difference.—Nothing was so much dreaded in our school boy days as to be punished by sitting between two girls. Ah! the force of education. Now-a-days we should submit without shedding a tear, and regard it as capital punishment.

"Patrick," said a gentleman to his Irish waiter, "I'm going out to-morrow—call me at four in the morning."

"Yes," replied Pat, "but won't you have the goodness to ring the bell, that I may wake in time!"

A traveling English marquis in the course of the grand tour arrived at Berlin, weary of roaming. When he went to rest at the close of his first day's residence he exclaimed, "Thank heaven I have come to a place where there is nothing worth seeing!"

ADVERTISEMENTS.

ALFRED BERRY PAINTER, AURORA.

After years spent in toiling and tacking my brain; Looking forward with hope, not to labor in vain; From the fruits of my labor, in learning my trade, I recognize I owe to the public a debt; I am endeavoring to give satisfaction to all. Desirous of favoring you with a call.

But first to the public I should like to make known, Especially the friends of Aurora, my home, Recently established in Aurora, I'm proud, I recognize I owe to the public a debt; I am endeavoring to give satisfaction to all. Desirous of favoring you with a call.

Please call at Aurora, that prosperous village, And let the ability of the painter whose name initials of each of these lines will proclaim; Not boasting but telling the work I can do, Those which I have mentioned, a monumental work; Each shall be promptly and well executed, Reasonable charges, and all parties suited.

Acting with honor, justice and honesty, Upright in dealing, this my policy, Requesting the public to give me a share Of their patronage, which will be seen to with care, Recalling fair prices for the value I give, And follow the maxim, "to live and let live."

Aurora, Sept. 18, 1886. U-33

FOR SALE,

TWO Lighter Wagons, with springs. Also, a Good HORSE 7 years old this spring. The above will be sold very cheap for cash or approved credit.

CHAS. J. BURNIE. Newmarket, May 25, 1886. U-17

GRAVE STONES.

Notice is hereby given that the Undersigned has been appointed Agent, by the Monthly Meeting of the Society of Friends, for giving information and procuring GRAVE STONES, such as will be allowed by the Society, for all who may wish to erect such in either of the

BURYING GROUNDS, Belonging to the Society, viz.—At Friends Meeting House, Yonge Street, which church, Tecumseh and Uxbridge, and that none hereafter will be admitted except through said Agent.

BENJAMIN CODY. Yonge Street, near Holland Landing, 6th Mo. 18th, 1886. U-20

Boots and Shoes.

THE undersigned in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him since he has commenced business in Newmarket, begs to call attention to the extensive stock of

Boots and Shoes, Of Home Manufacture, which he has now on hand, and ready for inspection; and as they have been made up by experienced workmen, he has great confidence in recommending them to the public. Boots and Shoes for Ladies, very much reduced in price.

W. CARLINE. Newmarket, April 24, 1886. U-12

Farmers Read this,

And Think Twice before Purchasing Elsewhere.

THE Cheapest Groceries in Newmarket, will be found at

CHARLES J. BURNIE'S, DIRECTLY OPPOSITE J. FORSYTH'S HOTEL, Where you will find the best selected and most varied stock of Groceries, kept by one of the North of Toronto, such as

Tea, Sugar, Coffee, Oatmeal, Tobacco, (Plug and Fine Cut), Cheese, Crackers, Soda Biscuits, Nuts, Oranges, Bottled, Pickles, Pepper Sauce, Baking Powder, Soap, Candles, and every description of Spice, which articles, having been purchased on the most advantageous terms, cannot be surpassed as to

Quality and Lowness of Price! All kinds of Farm Produce, Paper Bags and Biscuits taken to order.

—ALSO—

EXCHANGE FOR WOOL, And the Highest Market price allowed for the same.

CHARLES J. BURNIE. Newmarket, June 2nd, 1886. U-18

General Insurance Associations, OF ENGLAND, Capital, £2,000,000 Sterling. Offices:—City Buildings, Cannon St., London, England. Toronto Branch—Toronto Street, J. W. MARSDEN, Agent for the Counties of York and Simcoe. Newmarket, July 31, 1886. U-35

W. C. ADAMS, Doctor of Dental Surgery, HAS commenced practice at his Rooms, No. 66, King Street East, where he may be consulted in all cases relative to his profession. Particular attention given to the regulation of children's Teeth. CONSULTATIONS FREE. All work warranted. Toronto, June 5th, 1886. U-18

NEWMARKET SALOON! At M. HALL, BEGS respectfully to intimate to the people of Newmarket and vicinity, that he has just received, and opened out, a choice lot of Fruit, such as PINE APPLES, LEMONS, ORANGES, COCOA NUTS, FIGS, &c. &c. In Fine Condition, just received in cans, quite fresh, LOBSTERS, SARDINES, MACKEREL, SALMON, &c. Always on hand, Ginger Pop, Lemonade, and other Temperance Drinks. No charge for inspection. The public are invited to give him a call. Newmarket, Aug. 7, 1886. U-27

Fencing in Aurora.

WANTED, 224 Rods straight Rail-Fencing, and Material for the same, (Price will answer) to be put up as soon as the frost is out of the ground. Persons wishing to CONTRACT, will please TENDR FOR THE SAME, At so much per Rod—without delay, to WM. MOSLEY, Agent. Aurora, Feb. 23rd, 1886. U-14

WOOL!

THE Subscriber begs to announce to the public, that the machine in the Newmarket Factory is now in complete working order, and is prepared to do

CUSTOM CARDING & CLOTH DRESSING Promptly, and in a workmanlike manner. He will also

Manufacture Wool on Shares, or by Yard. On the most reasonable terms.

Farmer and merchants will find a handsome stock at this establishment of Cloths, Satinets, Tweeds, Flannels, Blankets, Plain dress goods, and Shawls.

Which will be exchanged for Wool on terms that cannot fail to give satisfaction.

Having secured the services of W. A. Clarke as Agent and Manager and having employed the best workmen that can be found, the subscriber hopes to have the continuance of that liberal patronage which has hitherto been bestowed upon this old and deservedly popular establishment.

URIAL TORRY. Newmarket, June 11th, 1886. U-19

New Grocery and Provision Store.

THE undersigned respectfully intimates to the inhabitants of Newmarket and vicinity, that he has opened a

GROCERY AND PROVISION STORE, In his new premises on Main Street, where he will keep constantly on hand a choice assortment of Family Groceries and Provisions.

And he hopes, by strict attention to business and the quality & price of his articles, to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

The subscriber intends to still continue his former business as Butcher, and keep on hand all kinds of Fresh Meat.

THOMAS CONRON. Newmarket, March 6, 1886. U-5

NEW MARKET Boot and Shoe Store!

MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE THE RAILROAD HOTEL.

George Dixon

RESPECTFULLY informs the inhabitants of Newmarket and vicinity, that he has

OPENED A NEW STORE, As above, where he intends keeping on hand a large and well selected stock of

Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, Of the latest styles for Ladies, Misses, Men, Boys and Children.

G. D. is inclined to think that from his intimate knowledge of the trade, he can make it an object to those who want to BUY CHEAP, to favor him with a call.

Farmers' Produce Taken.

The highest price paid for Hides and Skins.

GEORGE DIXON. Newmarket, Feb. 25, 1886. U-15

JOSEPH BOYSEFORD, CABINET MAKER, UNDERTAKER, &c., MAIN STREET, NEWMARKET.

IN returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him since his commencement in business, begs respectfully to announce that he has now on hand an excellent assortment of

Cabinet Furniture, such as

Sofas, Tables, Patent Bedsteads, Secretaries, Picture Frames, &c., which he will sell at the lowest remunerative prices.

Funerals undertaken on the shortest notice.

JOSEPH BOYSEFORD. Newmarket, Feb. 21, 1886. U-3

Artificial Teeth.

Inserted on Gold Plate or Pivot, Teeth cleaned from impurities, or any other branch of Dental Surgery skillfully performed and warranted. Also, particular attention paid to the regulation of

CHILDREN'S TEETH. Dr. B. N. P. would call special attention to the fact, that where work has been warranted, and for which he still holds himself responsible, during the past eight years, and another Dentist is employed to operate in the same month, the guarantee in all cases, so far as he is concerned, will cease.

In addition he would state that any person particularly desiring his services, at any time, by leaving a written request at his residence, 35, Foley's Hotel, will be attended to.

For operations over One Pound credit will be given if required.

JOSEPH BOYSEFORD. Newmarket, 1886. U-14

Now Ready for Delivery.

A LARGE quantity of Clear, Seasoned, Dressed Lumber, ready for laying down.

JOSEPH JAMES & CO. Newmarket, March 6, 1886. U-5

TO WAGON MAKERS.

ALL the Lumber for a Lumber Wagon, Sawed

AT FIVE SHILLINGS. JOSEPH JAMES & CO. Newmarket, Jan. 31, 1885. U-51

Boots and Shoes.

THE undersigned, in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him since he has commenced business, respectfully informs the inhabitants of Newmarket and vicinity, that he has now on hand a large quantity of

Ready Made Boots and Shoes, Of superior quality, which he can confidently

recommend to the public—they having been made under his own personal inspection—and not made up as shop work. Feeling satisfied that general satisfaction will be given both as regards

QUALITY AND PRICE, He respectfully solicits a call before purchasing elsewhere.

JACOB RHINEHART. Newmarket, Feb. 15, 1886. U-52

NEW ARRIVALS!

At AURORA.

THE Undersigned, respectfully intimates to the inhabitants of Aurora and the surrounding country, that he has now received and opened, his

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, Which for variety, style, quality and price, is not usually equalled in country stores.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS, In great variety, Bonnets, Ribbons, Parasols, Shawls, &c. &c. Also, Broadcloths, Tweeds, Dockings, Hats, Caps, Hosiery, &c.

READY MADE CLOTHING, Always on hand, and well worthy the inspection of intending purchasers.

TEAS AND GROCERIES, A general supply, just received, and warranted to be what they are represented. Call and examine. B. P. hopes by strict attention to business, keeping none but the best articles and selling low, to receive a continuance of the liberal patronage heretofore extended.

BENJAMIN PEARSON. Aurora, May 9, 1886. U-11

CIRCULAR.

THE Subscriber having RE-OPENED in his

OLD STAND, And having Purchased his Stock from his Creditors at a

GREAT SACRIFICE, Is now prepared to sell the same at less than first cost. Call and judge for yourselves at an early day.

WILLIAM MACFIE, Two Doors West from the Market. Toronto, June 11, 1886. U-19

Patent Lifting Pump.

THE Subscriber has pleasure in announcing that they are now prepared to receive orders for the

PATENT LIFTING PUMP, Invented by Mr. John Dennis—one of the firm, and allowed by competent judges to be the most superior kind of Pump now in use. From the nature and simplicity of its construction, by the aid of the

SPRING PISTON, In valve and Iron-Joint—working in an Iron cylinder, the water, instead of being sucked up as with other kinds, is lifted from the bottom—and with great ease—this avoiding friction and thereby rendering it almost impossible to get out of repair. The lever works in a cast iron frame bolted to the platform covering the well and to the pump.

These pumps have been tried in wells to the depth of 100 feet to seventy feet, with admirable success—and satisfactory references can be given.

Warranty to extend for Three Years.

The subscribers are also manufacturing an excellent

WOODEN PUMP, Adapted to Wells Forty feet deep, or less, to which they would call attention. Upwards of 400 of these Pumps have been sold from the bottom—and with great success. References of a satisfactory character can be given; to any person calling at their Manufactory, Newmarket.

All orders for either of the above Pumps, addressed [post-paid] to the Newmarket Post-Office, will receive prompt attention.

J. JAMES & CO. Newmarket, Aug. 21, 1886. U-29

WOOL, WOOL!

THE Subscriber will pay the Highest Cash Price for Wool at the Newmarket Station.

J. W. MARSDEN. Newmarket, May 23, 1886. U-17

DR. S. N. PECK, SURGEON DENTIST.

IN returning thanks for the liberal patronage hitherto extended to him during the past eight years, respectfully intimates he will be at the following places, as usual:

NEWMARKET—The 1st, 2nd, and 3rd of each and every month.

BROADVIEW—On the 4th of every month.

HEAD HAVEN—On the 6th and 7th of May, July, September, November, January and March, next ensuing; and—

BROWNVIEW—On the 8th and 9th of the next months above mentioned.

AURORA—The last day of each month except it comes on Sunday.

When he will be happy to wait upon those requiring his services in any of the Branches of his Profession.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH, Inserted on Gold Plate or Pivot, Teeth cleaned from impurities, or any other branch of Dental Surgery skillfully performed and warranted. Also, particular attention paid to the regulation of

CHILDREN'S TEETH. Dr. B. N. P. would call special attention to the fact, that where work has been warranted, and for which he still holds himself responsible, during the past eight years, and another Dentist is employed to operate in the same month, the guarantee in all cases, so far as he is concerned, will cease.

In addition he would state that any person particularly desiring his services, at any time, by leaving a written request at his residence, 35, Foley's Hotel, will be attended to.

For operations over One Pound credit will be given if required.

JOSEPH BOYSEFORD. Newmarket, 1886. U-14

JOHN CADE & CO., TORONTO.

Importers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, PAINTS, Oils, Dye-Stuffs, Colors, Varnishes, Essences, Perfumery &c. Fancy Goods, Wrapping paper, all sizes—Writing paper, Letter and note paper, ruled and plain—Stationery, Seal Wax, Pencils, Pens, Ink, &c. &c.

NATIONAL BOOK BOOKS, Blank Books, Tablets, Journals, Day Books, Memorandum and Copy Books, Blank Deeds and Memorials, at

BENTLEY'S OLD STAND, 71, Yonge Street, Toronto. May 13th, 1886. U-17

DR. E. G. EDWARDS, SURGEON DENTIST.

(Successor to W. C. Adams, D. D. S.) HEREBY informs the public, that he will be staying at

McLeod's Hotel, Aurora, the 13th and 14th of each month.

J. Howitt's Hotel, Newmarket, the 16th and 17th of each month.

McDonald's Hotel, Bradford, the 21st and 22nd of each month.

"Bible's" Hotel, Bond Head, the 23rd and 24th of each month.

HODGE & SON.

WOULD most respectfully inform the inhabitants of Newmarket, and the surrounding country, that they have commenced business, in the above line, and are now prepared to execute all orders entrusted to their care, with neatness, accuracy and dispatch.

TERMS: LIBERAL. HODGE & SON. Newmarket, July 12, 1883. U-21

BLACKSMITHING!

ALLAN WHITE, formerly known by the name of Charles White, begs to inform the inhabitants of Newmarket, and the surrounding country, that he has commenced business, in the above line, and are now prepared to execute all orders entrusted to their care, with neatness, accuracy and dispatch.

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